PUBLIC HEALTH (PH)

Courses

PH 301. Public Health & Health Policy. 3 Credits.
Course focuses on current public health issues, barriers to improving population health, and policy tensions between science, economics, education, politics, government, media, and public health.

PH 302. Epidemiology I. 3 Credits.
Epidemiology is the study of disease distribution and determinants in populations; we will define populations and estimate the distribution of health-related conditions and their determinants. Pre/co-requisites: Bachelor’s degree and college-level mathematics course.

PH 303. Biostatistics I: App Rsch in PH. 3 Credits.
Biostatistics I (Applied Research Methods in Public Health) includes biostatistics, research designs, and qualitative approaches, and includes emphasis on evaluating research articles in public health. Pre/co-requisites: Bachelor’s degree and college-level mathematics course.

PH 304. Environmental Public Health. 3 Credits.
Explores major areas of environmental public health (EPH), including environmental hazards, exposures, and related health outcomes, including emerging topics in environmental public health.

PH 305. Pol, Org & Finance in Hlth Care. 3 Credits.
This course looks at U.S. health care policies, organizational structures and financing systems and examines key concepts from economic, social, ethical, political and global perspectives.

PH 306. Social & Behavioral Public Hlth. 3 Credits.
This course addresses the behavioral, social and cultural factors related to individual and population health, and health disparities over the life course.

PH 307. Epidemiology 2. 3 Credits.
Exposure to advanced epidemiological concepts, such as effect modifications and modeling using multiple variables, related to establishing causal relationships from observational data. Prerequisite: PH 302, PH 303.

PH 308. Environmental Public Health 2. 3 Credits.
Students explore public health within the context of natural and human-made environments, and examine methods of practice and emerging environmental health topics. Prerequisite: PH 304.

PH 309. Public Health Biostatistics II. 3 Credits.
An advanced applied research methods course with the goal of helping students understand and apply multivariate regression analyses, non-parametric methods, survival analysis and advanced concepts with confounding and effect modification, and interpreting data in public health applications. Prerequisite: PH 303.

PH 310. Public Health Law and Ethics. 3 Credits.
Public health law examines the government’s authority, at various jurisdictional levels, to improve the health of the general population within societal limits and norms. Prerequisite: Bachelor’s degree.

PH 311. Global Public Health. 3 Credits.
This course explores global public health challenges affecting people primarily in developing or resource-constrained countries. Cultural competency concepts will be embedded. Prerequisite: Bachelor’s degree.

PH 312. Food Systems & Public Hlth. 3 Credits.
This course explores food systems’ influence on public health, and how technology, policy, biology, epidemiology, and historical knowledge can support a healthier food system. Prerequisite: Bachelor’s degree.

PH 314. Environmental Risk & Risk Comm. 3 Credits.
This course explores theory, policy and techniques for environmental risk communication from the viewpoints of government, industry, special interest groups, and the general public.

PH 315. Public Health Surveillance. 3 Credits.
Explores surveillance of infectious and non-infectious diseases, health behaviors and population characteristics, fundamental to nearly all fields of modern public health practice. Prerequisite: PH 302.

PH 317. Mgmt in Hlth Services & Med Care. 3 Credits.
Addresses major issues and challenges faced by health services managers relating to established and evolving social, economic, and professional policies in a context of practical problem assessment and appropriate resolution.

PH 318. Improving Health in Population. 3 Credits.
Descriptive and chronic disease epidemiology, health determinants, and community resources will be utilized to develop strategies and interprofessional skills to improve individual and population health. Exploration of roles of health professionals in the care of populations with an emphasis on the US health care system.

PH 322. One Health: Zoonoses. 3 Credits.
Zoonoses and vector-born disease account for the majority of emerging and re-emerging diseases. Students will learn about the drivers that influence infection in animals and humans, tools used for disease monitoring and prevention, and policies and programs aimed at prevention. Cross-listed with: ASCI 322.

PH 324. Public Health Informatics. 3 Credits.
Public health practice relies on timely, thorough and reliable information from a variety of sources. Informatics is an emerging field that employs information technology tools and methods to address public health challenges and to improve public health outcomes.

PH 325. Investigating Disease Outbreaks. 3 Credits.
Investigating disease outbreaks is a fundamental responsibility of public health. This course covers field epidemiology outbreak investigation methods, working on an investigatory team, interacting with relevant agencies, and the selection and implementation of appropriate interventions.

PH 326. Legal Issues in Health Care. 3 Credits.
Provides an overview of the legal environment related to healthcare. Using court decisions and other law, explores medical malpractice, negligence, liability, patient rights, healthcare reform and compliance with such laws as Medicaid, Medicare, and HIPAA.
PH 327. Climate Change & Human Health. 3 Credits.
Global climate change is increasing extreme weather events, influencing air and water quality, and shifting vector habitats. Students will explore basic climate science, health, consequences of climate change, and public health approaches to assessment, communication, projection, mitigation, and adaptation.

PH 328. Health in Humanitarian Crises. 3 Credits.
Offers an in-depth view of the complexities of responding to natural and conflict related disasters. Introduces a range of topics that lay the framework for humanitarian response and will generate further learning.

PH 330. Exploring Healthcare Systems. 3 Credits.
Explore a healthcare system outside the USA. Common elements in all healthcare systems are required for effective and efficient delivery. Field visits, presentations, and cultural exposure are included in the program. Prerequisite: Instructor permission.

PH 331. Climate Change Emergencies. 3 Credits.
Floods, droughts, severe heatwaves, wildfires, and disruptions to the food supply are a few anticipated direct effects of climate change. Examines each of these public health challenges, and their potential to cause/significantly contribute to complex humanitarian emergencies, civil unrest, military conflict, and large-scale migration, as well as policy implications going forward.

PH 332. Maternal and Child Health. 3 Credits.
Introduces major national programs and policies that directly affect women and children in the U.S. and utilize program case studies from around the world. Provides an understanding of social determinants of health and the life course approach to analyze these programs and policies.

PH 333. Global Mental Health. 3 Credits.
Provides a firm grounding in what is known about mental health issues affecting global populations. Examines a wide range of issues, ranging from how mental illness is identified to innovative treatment approaches and how cultural considerations influence mental health promotion efforts.

PH 392. Culminating Project Experience. 1-6 Credits.
Prepares students to apply knowledge and skills in a culminating project experience that reflects research and practice needs of actual populations. Prerequisites: PH 301, PH 302, PH 303, PH 307.

PH 395. Special Topics. 1-18 Credits.
See Schedule of Courses for specific titles.

PH 396. Advanced Special Topics. 1-18 Credits.
See Schedule of Courses for specific titles.